

David Bower. Doors of San Miguel de Allende. Digital Photograph. 30" x 20." 2007.



The estate of Diego Rivera granted permission to reproduce and exhibit the Detroit Industry Murals. The photo emulsion wall tiles include the works of Rivera, Frida Kahlo, David Alfaro Siqueiros and José Clemente Orozco.

The Latin American print collection includes original prints and drawings by José Luis Cuevas, Javier Arévalo, Jesus Raphael Soto, Irma Palacios, Roberto Fabelo, José Francisco Borges and Roberto Matta.

A photographic essay and life size graphics of the doors of San Miguel de Allende, Mexico by David Bower gives the exhibit a sense of place.

In an otherwise empty hallway at Morton College, Camino de Arte promotes an atmosphere of thought and contemplation of the beautiful.

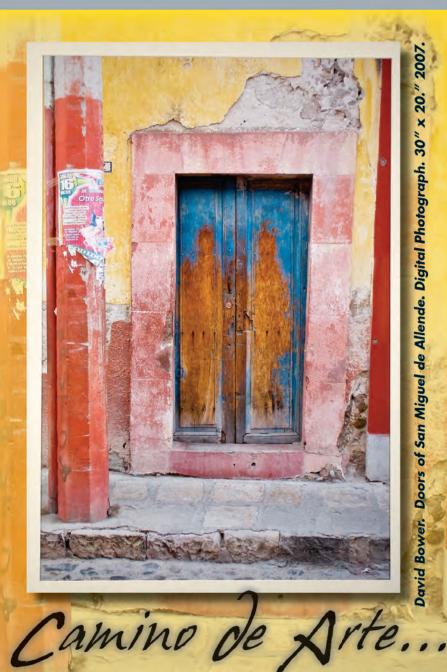
> Building "B," 3rd floor Morton College 3801 S. Central Avenue Cicero, IL 60804

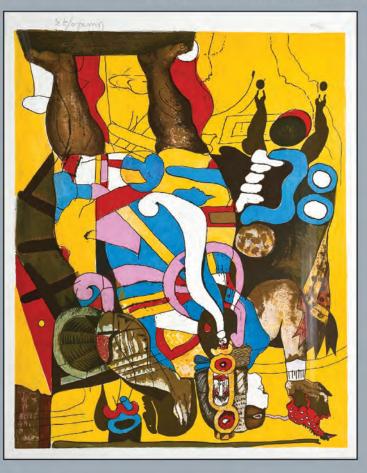




José Francisco Borges (Brazil, b. 1935). A Passarada. Color Woodcut. 19.5" × 13.5." 1990.

original color woodcut for the cover. literature. The cordel is a book of folk tales with an pooks are known as lituratura de cordel, or string in the woodcut medium. His wood block prints and Borges is a self-taught Brazilian tolk artist working





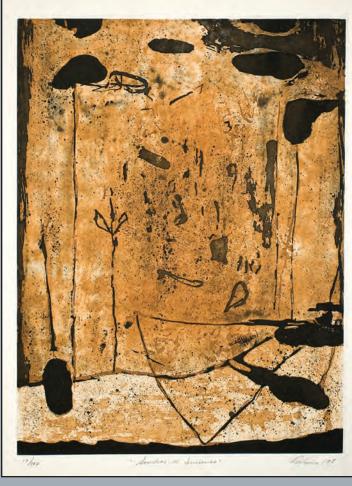
Color Lithograph, 144/170. 26" x 20." 1973. Javier Arévalo (Mexico, b. 1937). Aztec Figures.

with a contemporary approach. linear elements. He incorporates images from his history Figurative Abstraction that relies on strong color and As a painter and printmaker, Arevalo concentrates on



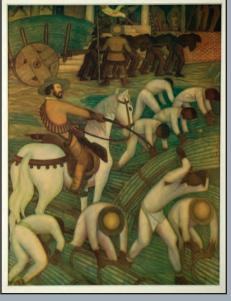
Color Woodcut. 15" x 10." 2006. José Luis Cuevas (Mexico, b. 1933). Ghosts.

the contemporary human condition. artistic freedom, and figurative art that reflects on the country's art. He advocated greater he perceived the Mexican Muralist School held Establishment for supporting the monopoly that His writings criticized the Mexican Art Century Latin American master of Drawing. Cuevas is largely considered to be the 20th

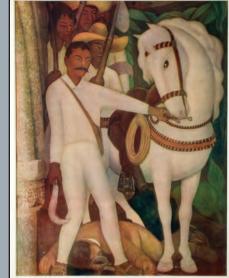


Irma Palacios (Mexico, b. 1943). Incense Shades. Etching and Aquatint, 17/100. 16" x 12." 1995.

Palacios is influenced by Abstract Expressionism as organic forms and textures evolve on her canvases. Her work is classified as Lyrical Abstraction as she focuses on the forms, textures, and geological realities of nature.



Diego Rivera (Mexico, 1886 – 1957). History of Cuernavaca and Morelos Fresco Cycle. (detail) Sugar Plantation, Tealtenango, Morelos, 1930-31. Lithographic Reproduction. 10" x 8." c.1940s.



886 – 1957). Diego Rivera (Mexico, 1886 – 1957). History of Cuernavaca and Morelos Fresco Cycle.
Tealtenango, (detail) Emiliano Zapata, 1930-31. Lithographic Reproduction. 10" x 8." c.1940s.

Diego Rivera is one of the most famous Latin American artists in history. Rivera, José Clemente Orozco, and David Alfaro Siqueiros are the three great artists of the Mexican Muralist Movement that began in the early 1920s. In 1930-31, Rivera worked on the murals in the Palace of Cortez, Cuernavaca, Mexico which depicted the political and agrarian history of Cuernavaca and Morelos.



Roberto Matta (Chile, 1911 – 2002). *L'Eau et Mana*. Color Lithograph, 144/200. 26" x 40." 1974.

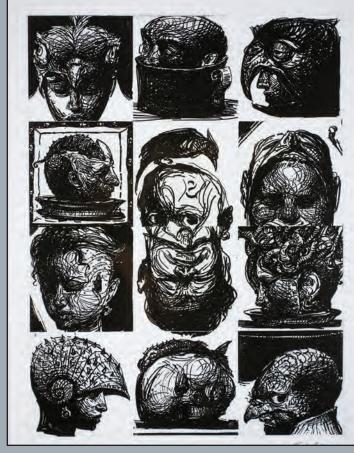
Matta left his native Chile to study architecture in Europe. Influenced by the Surrealists, he developed the concept of psychological morphology to create his inscapes, which stressed introspection and the inner mind. He used the idea of automatism, which emphasizes the suppression of the conscious, in order to give free reign to the subconscious imagery and associations. One organic form gave rise to another organic form to create a composition of biomorphic mutations.



Frida Kahlo and Diego Rivera with Monkey. Black & White Photograph. 8" x 10." c. 1940s.

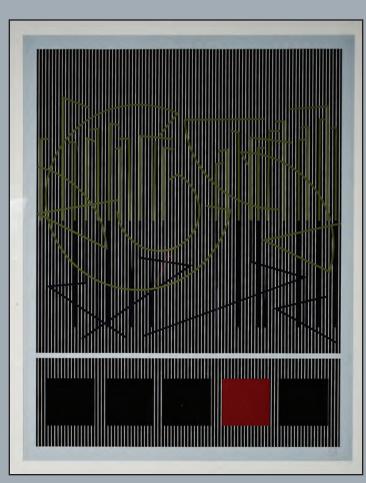


Diego Rivera Painting American Mural. Black & White Photograph. 8" x 10." c. 1940s.



Roberto Fabelo (Cuba, b. 1950). *Twelve Crazy Portraits*. Hard ground etching, 2/50. 10.5" x 7.5." 2007.

An influential Cuban artist, Roberto Fabelo's imagery uses humans and animals to comment on the human condition in imaginative and fantastic settings. Elements of Expressionism and Surrealism are employed in his work while relying on fundamental drawing techniques as a foundation to question the division between fantasy and reality.



Jesus Raphael Soto (Venezuela 1923 – 2005). Vibration. Color Serigraph. 35.5" x 28." 1980.

Soto worked in Paris for 10 years with the Venezuelan avant-garde group, The Dissidents, focusing on geometric abstraction and movement. His experiments with optical effects and flat backgrounds composed of thin parallel lines are representative of some of the most successful works of the Optical Art and Kinetic Art movements.